

	Male	Male
Crown	bright yellow and without streaking, contrasting with the blackish nape	same as SY Male, yet on average bolder and more distinct
Lores and moustache	black and distinct	same as SY Male, yet on average bolder and more distinct
Outer pp covs	narrow, tapered, abraded, and <u>brown</u> with little or no pale edging	broad, truncate, relatively fresh, and <u>dusky brown</u> , usually with <u>distinct</u> but narrow, <u>grayish edging</u>
Outer rects (r4-r6)	relatively abraded, tapered, and <u>brownish</u> with a relatively large amount of white (Fig, 262 B-D)	relatively fresh, truncate, <u>brownish dusky</u> , and with a relatively large amount of white (Fig 262 D-E)
Underpart sides	chestnut relatively bold and extensive, <u>usually extending beyond</u> the base of the legs	same as SY Male, yet on average bolder and more distinct

Notes:

The partial preformative molt usually includes all med and gr covs and often the greater alula, but no terts or rects.

The first-cycle (SY) prealternate molt and later cycle prealternate molts typically replace a subset of inner gr covs and occasionally s8 or s9.

Thus, both SY and ASY can show contrasting gr covs and contrasting s8 or s9 in spring.

(Gr cov and tert molt limits cannot be used for aging.)

Intermediates will occur which cannot be reliably aged.